

In the United States Court of Federal Claims  
OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS  
No. 19-0190V  
(not to be published)

JULIANNA BARMASSE,

Petitioner,

v.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND  
HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

Chief Special Master Corcoran

Filed: December 7, 2020

Special Processing Unit (SPU);  
Attorney's Fees and Costs

*Nancy Routh Meyers, Turning Point Litigation, Greensboro, NC, for Petitioner.*

*Laurie Wiesner, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for Respondent.*

**DECISION ON ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS<sup>1</sup>**

On February 2, 2019, Julianna Barmasse filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*<sup>2</sup> (the "Vaccine Act"). Petitioner alleges that she suffered left shoulder injury related to vaccine administration, resulting from the influenza vaccination she received on February 9, 2016. (Petition at 1). On July 28, 2020, a decision was issued awarding compensation to Petitioner based on the parties' stipulation. (ECF No. 26).

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<sup>1</sup> Because this unpublished Decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, I am required to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

<sup>2</sup> National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all "§" references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

Petitioner has now filed a motion for attorney's fees and costs, dated November 11, 2020, (ECF No. 32), requesting a total award of \$6,211.68. This represents \$3,708.80 in fees and costs incurred from counsel's former firm Ward Black Law and \$2,502.88 in fees and costs incurred at Turning Point Litigation. In accordance with General Order #9, Petitioner filed a signed statement indicating that she incurred no out-of-pocket expenses. (ECF No. 32-4). Respondent reacted to the motion on November 25, 2020 indicating that he is satisfied that the statutory requirements for an award of attorney's fees and costs are met in this case and defers to the Court's discretion to determine the amount to be awarded. (ECF No. 33). That same day, Petitioner filed a reply requesting the fees and costs be awarded in full. (ECF No. 34).

I have reviewed the billing records submitted with Petitioner's request. In my experience, the request appears reasonable, and I find no cause to reduce the requested hours or rates.

The Vaccine Act permits an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs. § 15(e). Accordingly, I hereby GRANT Petitioner's Motion for attorney's fees and costs. I award a total of **\$6,211.68** (representing \$3,708.80 fees and costs incurred by Ward Black Law and \$2,502.88 in fees and costs incurred by Turning Point Litigation) as a lump sum in the form of a check jointly payable to Petitioner and Petitioner's counsel. In the absence of a timely-filed motion for review (see Appendix B to the Rules of the Court), the Clerk shall enter judgment in accordance with this decision.<sup>3</sup>

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

s/Brian H. Corcoran  
Brian H. Corcoran  
Chief Special Master

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<sup>3</sup> Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), the parties may expedite entry of judgment by filing a joint notice renouncing their right to seek review.